

Village of Ashwaubenon

Street Tree Benefits

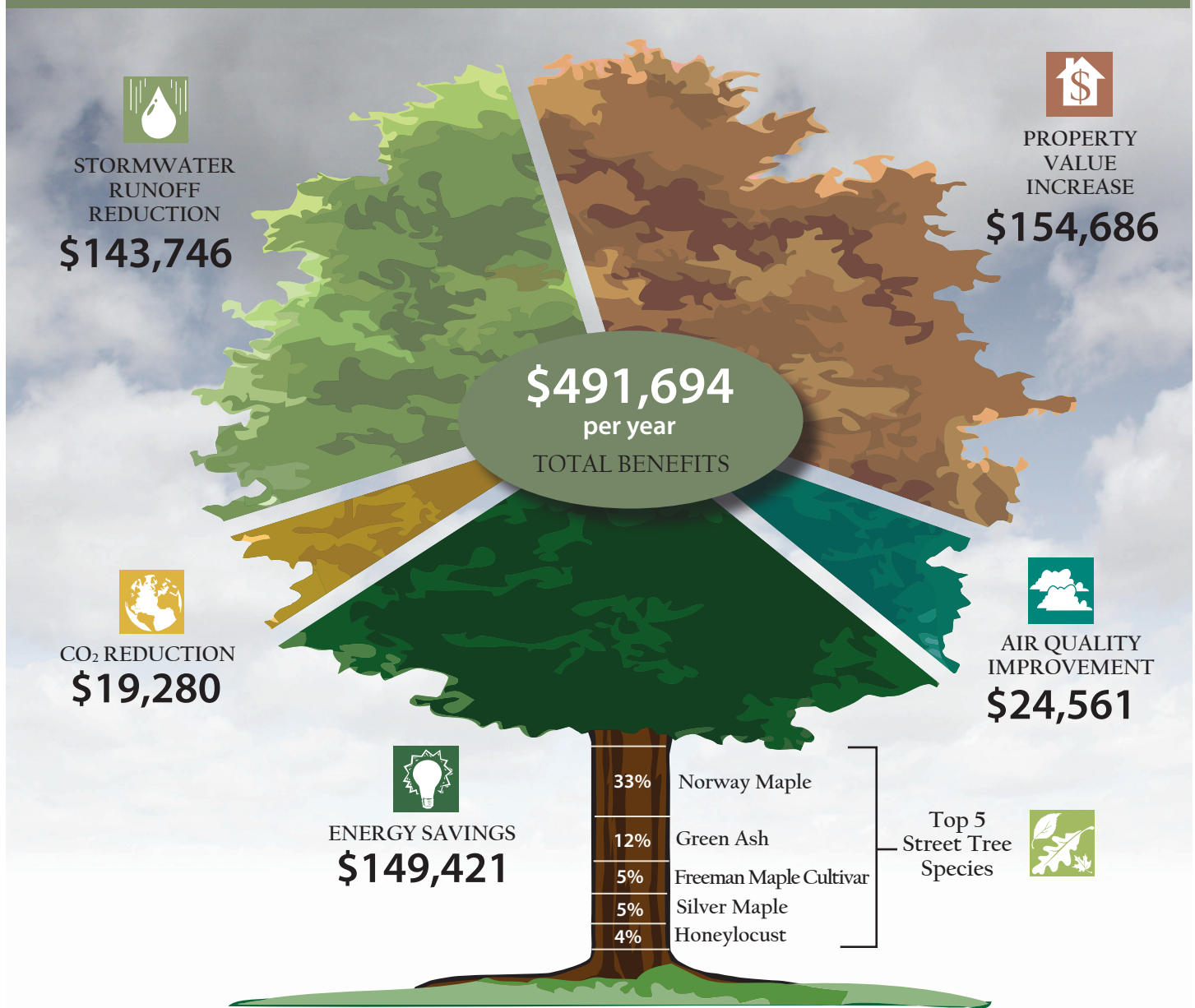


Ashwaubenon street trees provide thousands of dollars of environmental, economic and aesthetic benefits to the community. Over their lifetime, street tree benefits exceed the costs of planting and care, representing a 300 percent return on investment. Tree benefits increase over time highlighting the importance of not only planting trees, but of providing ongoing maintenance and protection. These benefits are a reminder of the worthwhile investment in our community forestry program.

Trees:

- Reduce stormwater runoff
- Lower summer air temperatures
- Reduce air pollution
- Reduce heating and cooling costs
- Reduce atmospheric carbon dioxide (CO₂)
- Enhance property values
- Provide wildlife habitat
- Improve health and wellbeing
- Improve learning and concentration
- Provide aesthetic benefits

Annually Ashwaubenon public street trees provide¹...





Trees Reduce Stormwater Runoff and Improve Water Quality

Trees reduce peak stormwater runoff and associated pollutants entering local water bodies. Trees reduce stormwater volumes by intercepting a portion of rainfall, which evaporates and never reaches the ground. Tree roots also increase rainfall infiltration and storage in the soil. And tree canopies reduce soil erosion by diminishing the impact of raindrops on barren surfaces.

Street trees in Ashwaubenon intercept 5,303,908 gallons of water annually for a savings of \$143,746.



Trees Reduce Atmospheric Carbon Dioxide

Trees reduce atmospheric carbon by capturing and storing CO₂ as they grow. By reducing demand for heating and cooling, trees indirectly reduce CO₂ by avoiding power plant emissions associated with energy production.

Street trees in Ashwaubenon capture 721 tons of atmospheric CO₂ per year. Annual savings including indirect costs are \$19,280. Street trees also store approximately 7,322 tons of atmospheric CO₂ for a total savings of \$109,830.



Trees Improve Air Quality

Trees improve air quality by trapping particulates, absorbing gaseous pollutants, and releasing oxygen. By cooling urban heat islands and shading parked cars, trees indirectly reduce ozone levels. The Environmental Protection Agency recognizes tree planting as an ozone reduction measure in state implementation plans.

Street trees in Ashwaubenon remove 404 lbs. of particulate matter, 757 lbs. of ozone, 34 lbs. of sulfur dioxide and 129 lbs. of nitrogen oxides annually. Total annual savings including indirect cost are \$24,561.



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Trees Save Energy

Trees reduce the demand for energy to heat and cool buildings by providing shade, lowering summertime temperatures, and reducing windspeeds. Secondary benefits are reduced water consumption and pollutants emissions by local power plants.

Street trees in Ashwaubenon save approximately 719 MWH of electricity and 96,787 Therms of natural gas annually for a savings of \$149,421.



Trees Improve Property Values and Beautify Our Communities

Trees are the single strongest positive influence on scenic quality in our community! They increase the attractiveness of retail business areas. Studies found shoppers are willing to pay up to 11% more for goods and services in a well-landscaped business district. Trees increase property values. People will pay 3-7% more for properties with many trees. Trees foster safer and more sociable neighborhoods. Views of trees ease mental fatigue and stress, help concentration, reduce sickness, and provide settings for recreation and relaxation. Trees also help reduce noise, provide a refuge for wildlife, and help connect residents with their natural environment.

Street trees in Ashwaubenon increase property values annually by \$154,686.



Diversity Improves Urban Forest Resilience

A diverse palette of trees helps guard against catastrophic loss to insects and diseases or environmental stresses. A general guideline for urban forest diversity is no more than 5% of any one species, 10% of any one genus.

Maple and ash trees are over-represented on Ashwaubenon's streets. This jeopardizes \$414,934 of the city's urban forest's benefits from pests such as emerald ash borer (EAB) and Asian longhorned beetle (ALB). Enlist the public to help increase Ashwaubenon's urban forest resilience by planting less common trees on their own property.

¹ Analysis was conducted using iTree Streets. iTree Streets is a street tree management and analysis tool for urban forest managers that uses tree inventory data to quantify the dollar value of annual environmental and aesthetic benefits. The iTree Suite is a free state-of-the-art, peer-reviewed software suite from the USDA Forest Service. www.itreetool.org.

Tree graphic concept courtesy of City of New York Department of Parks & Recreation.

Village of Ashwaubenon



Urban Tree Canopy (UTC) Analysis

What is the Urban Forest and Urban Tree Canopy?

The **Urban Forest** consists of all public and private trees and shrubs in our community. This includes trees in yards, parks, open spaces, along streets and other land where trees are present. One way to understand the value of urban forests is by envisioning the layer of leaves, branches and tree stems when viewed from above. This layer is called **Urban Tree Canopy (UTC)**.

Why is Urban Tree Canopy important?

While we may not think of city trees as a typical “forest,” these trees provide valuable services and benefits.

Trees in our community:

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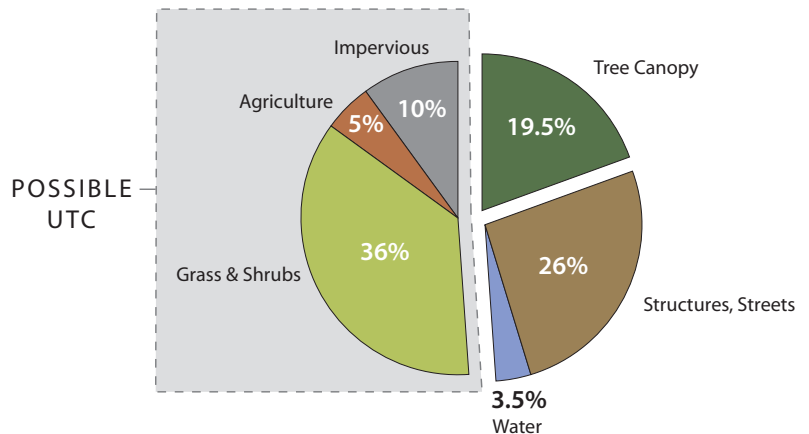
UTC benefits can be quantified. A single large tree can provide approximately \$76 in average annual net benefits, \$3,000 in benefits over a 40-year period. An increase in UTC brings an associated increase in benefits.



How much Urban Tree Canopy does Ashwaubenon have?

UTC analysis for ASHWAUBENON shows¹:

- An existing tree canopy of 19% (1,616 acres)
- Trees could potentially cover an additional 51% (4,267 acres) of the village’s land surface. These “Possible UTC” areas include grass, agriculture land, and impervious surfaces (e.g., parking lots, paved playgrounds & ROW).
- The remaining 29% (2,409 acres) of the village’s area is buildings, streets, water and other permanent features and is generally unsuited to UTC improvement.



Many factors determine where best to plant urban trees. UTC analysis shows where additional trees will have the greatest positive impact.

UTC analysis for the GREEN BAY METROPOLITAN AREA shows²:

- An overall tree canopy of 24%.
- Possible UTC is 56%. The remaining land area of buildings, streets, water and other permanent features is 20%.

¹ Analysis was conducted using iTree Canopy. iTree Canopy offers a quick and easy way to produce a statistically valid estimate of land cover types (e.g., tree cover) using aerial images available in Google Maps. The iTree Suite is a free state-of-the-art, peer-reviewed software suite from the USDA Forest Service. www.itreetool.org

² Allouez, Ashwaubenon, Bellevue, DePere, Green Bay, Hobart, Howard.

Why should Ashwaubenon set goals for UTC?

As urban development expands, it is increasingly important to balance growth with environmental wellbeing. To maximize UTC benefits, communities should set goals to protect, maintain and enhance their entire urban forest. Careful planning and goal setting are necessary to retain as much mature tree canopy as possible in areas with development pressure and to expand and sustain canopy in already urbanized areas. UTC goals can emphasize environmental quality (stormwater, air quality, carbon offsets), livability and economic vitality.

Though many communities have adopted land use strategies to mitigate sprawl, few have developed land cover strategies like UTC to mitigate urbanization effects.



Additional Resources

Urban Tree Canopy Assessment, Northern Research Station, USDA Forest Service, <http://nrs.fs.fed.us/urban/utc/>

Watershed Forestry Resource Guide, Urban Tree Canopy, <http://www.forestsforwatersheds.org/urban-tree-canopy/>

Urban Natural Resources Institute, <http://www.unri.org/webcasts/archive/march-2011a/>

Society of Municipal Arborists, Urban Forestry BMPs, <http://www.urban-forestry.com/sma-urban-forestry-bmps>

How to Set UTC Goals

Effective UTC goal setting requires involvement and commitment by municipal leaders and staff, local business community, neighborhood groups and citizens. The process generally includes four steps:

- **Assess Current UTC**
 - Can use iTree Canopy Analysis or GIS to arrive at UTC baseline.
- **Assess Possible UTC**
 - Identify opportunities on both public and private land.
- **Adopt Goals Based on Assessments**
 - If possible, institutionalize goals in appropriate ordinances, policies, or community master plan.
- **Develop Implementation Plan**
 - Identify strategies to meet goals based on available resources, political climate and stakeholder needs. Produce timeline and identify parties responsible for each strategy.

Potential Strategies to Implement UTC Goals

- **Plant New Trees**
 - Identify and prioritize planting sites community-wide.
 - Assess species diversity needs.
 - Identify how trees will be maintained.
- **Protect & Maintain Existing Trees**
 - Adopt tree protection ordinance and conservation easements.
 - Produce a tree management plan.
 - Ensure proper pruning in utility corridors.
- **Minimize & Restore UTC Lost to Age, Mortality & Land Conversion**
 - Specify strategies within Comprehensive Land Use Plan (e.g. Smart Growth).
 - Adopt subdivision, zoning, and landscaping ordinances.
 - Identify impact from EAB and potential management strategies.
- **Promote Public Education & Awareness**
 - Promote tree benefits (e.g., community website, newsletter, water bill insert)
 - Promote proper tree planting (e.g., Arbor Day, workshops)
 - Develop or participate in campaigns (e.g., First Downs for Trees, Taking Root in Oshkosh)



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